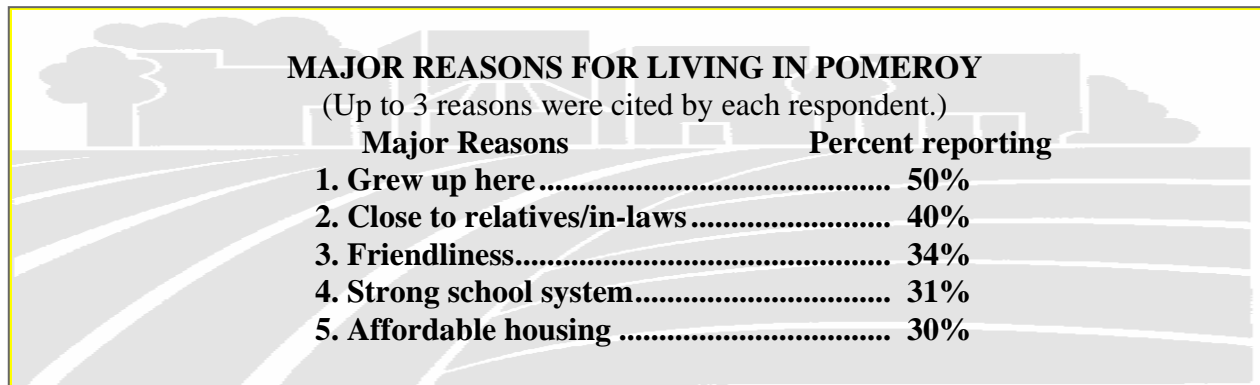


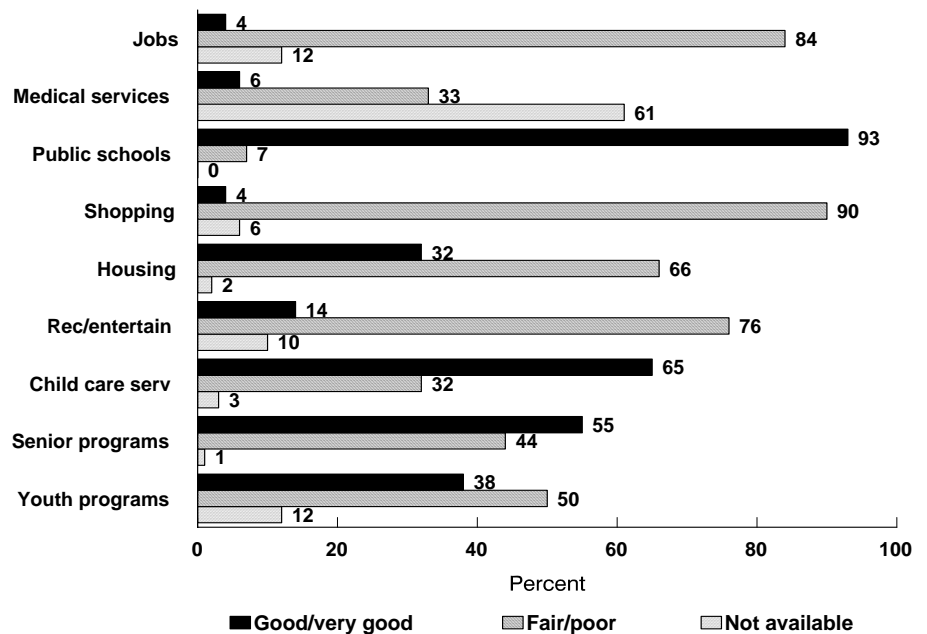
# RESIDENTS OF POMEROY SPEAK OUT

During July 1994, you were one of 15,000 households asked to participate in a statewide survey. The purpose of this survey was to identify the problems and opportunities facing Iowa's rural communities. The households asked to take part in the study were randomly selected from telephone directories of 100 Iowa communities (150 households per directory). Selection of communities was also random where one community with 500-10,000 residents was selected from each of Iowa's 99 counties. (Because of its geographic size, two communities were included for Pottawattamie County, one from West and another from East Pottawattamie.) Of the 15,000 questionnaires mailed out, 10,798 (or 72%) were completed and returned. Below are highlights of the results as reported by Pomeroy's 111 survey participants.



## RATING SERVICES AND FACILITIES AVAILABLE IN POMEROY

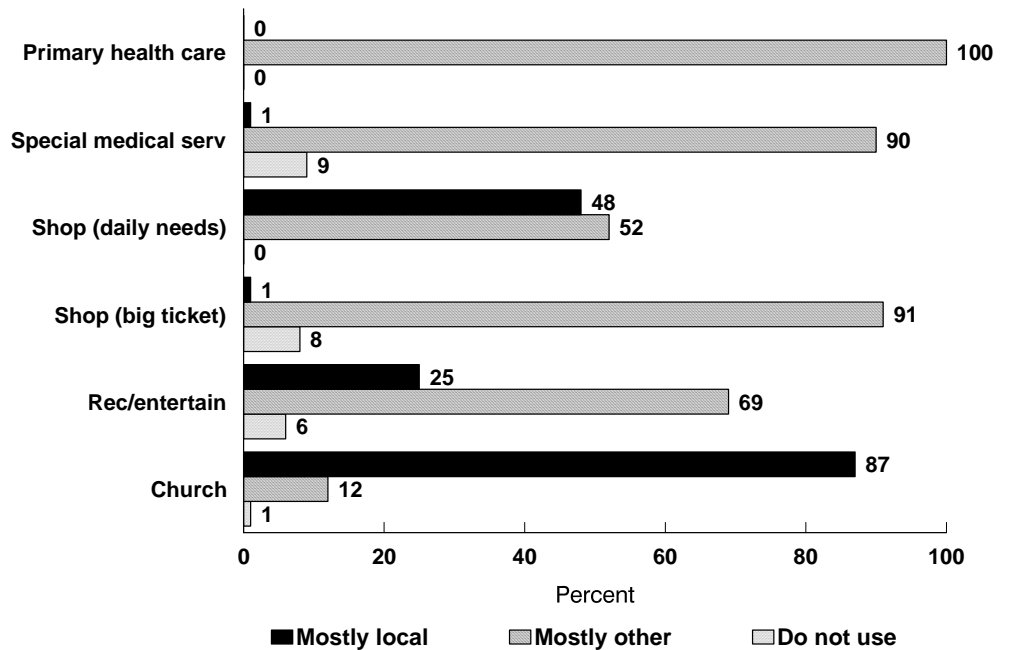
Nine local services and facilities were listed on the questionnaire along with the instructions to rate each as "very good," "good," "fair," "poor," or "not available." Of the 111 respondents from Pomeroy, half or more gave public schools, child care services, and senior programs a rating of either good or very good. But jobs, shopping, housing, recreation/entertainment, and



youth programs were rated no better than fair by at least half of the people. For medical services at least half of the respondents indicated the service was not available in Pomeroy.

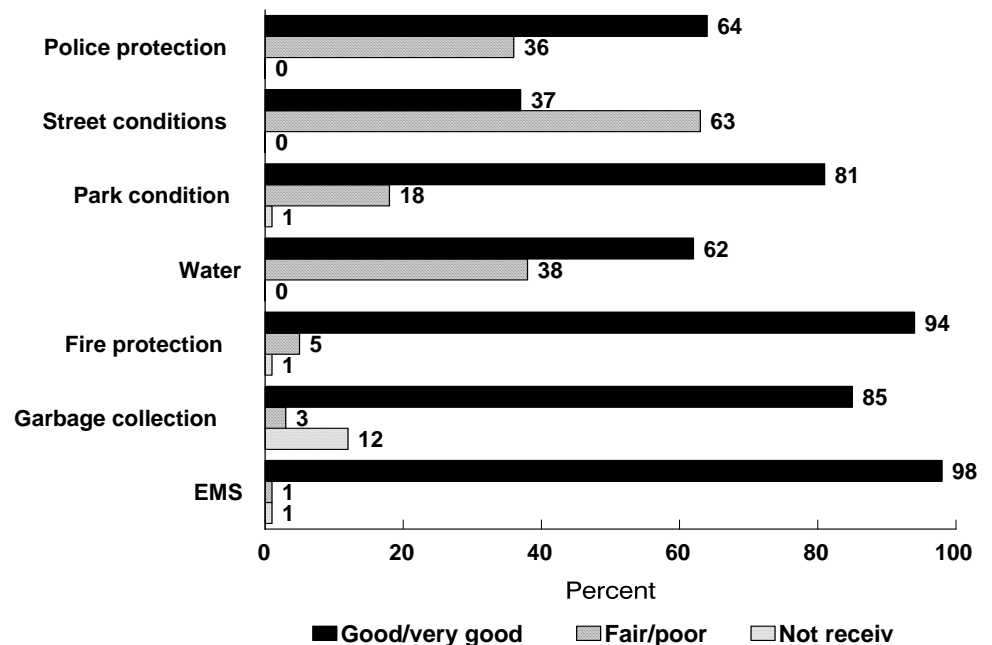
## LOCAL PURCHASING PATTERNS

For a variety of reasons, many residents of Iowa's smaller towns rely on neighboring cities for services. Based on returned questionnaires, Pomeroy residents follow this pattern. At least three-fourths of the people reported leaving Pomeroy for primary and specialized health care and to shopping for "big ticket" items. In fact, church was the only service where at least half of the people reported remaining in Pomeroy.



## RATING GOVERNMENT SERVICES

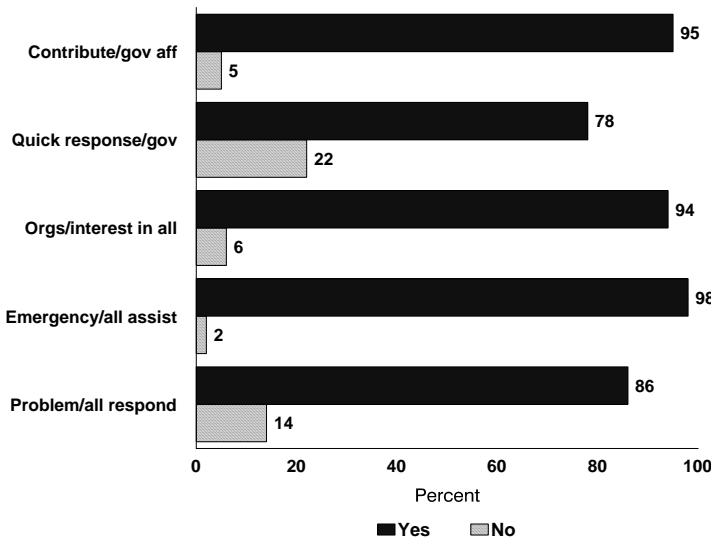
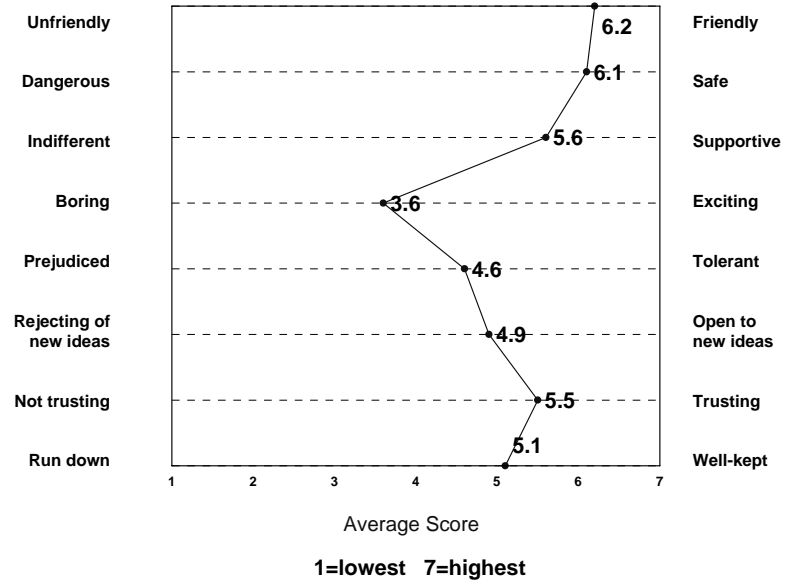
Seven services normally provided through local governments were included with the instructions to rate each as "very good," "good," "fair," or "poor." Emergency response services (EMS) was rated highest with 98 percent giving it a positive (very good or good) rating. Over half of the individuals also rated police and fire protection, park conditions, water, and garbage collection positively, while street conditions received a lower rating (fair or poor) by a majority of the respondents.



## FRIENDLINESS AND EVIDENCE OF COMMUNITY SUPPORT

In spite of the frequently publicized economic problems recently experienced by many of Iowa's smaller communities, reference often is made of their favorable social climates. However, no information to date has been available to determine the extent to which Iowa's rural communities do in fact possess favorable social environments. Accordingly, questions were included in the survey asking residents to evaluate various social attributes of their communities.

Of the eight attributes evaluated on a 7-point scale, Pomeroy residents assigned the highest rating to the friendliness of its residents, followed closely by the safety of Pomeroy. The lowest rating was given to the amount of excitement offered to the residents.



According to survey respondents, Pomeroy's responsiveness to personal and community problems is generally quite favorable. Most everyone agreed that all were allowed to contribute to local governmental affairs and that in case of an emergency all would help. At least three-fourths also felt that a city office would give a quick response in regard to a complaint, that organizations are interested in what is best for all residents, and that when something needs to be done everyone gets behind it.

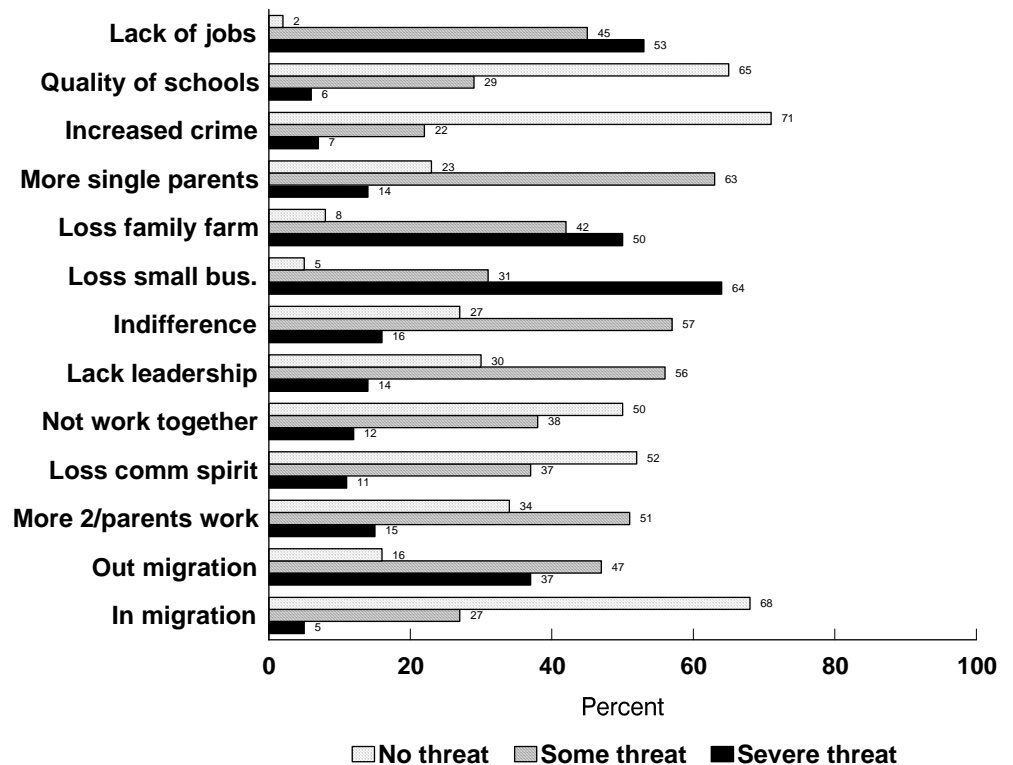
## INTEREST AND PARTICIPATION IN POMEROY ACTIVITIES

Over three-fourths of Pomeroy residents are interested in being informed of community activities. Yet only about 57 percent reported having participated over the past year in any community improvement project. When asked to describe their level of involvement in local community improvement activities and events, 55 percent indicated being very or somewhat active.

Ties with other local residents often are an indication of their commitment to the community. In Pomeroy’s case, 83 percent of the respondents indicated knowing the name of half or more of the adult residents. Also, 68 percent indicated that half or more of their close personal friends live in Pomeroy. As for their adult relatives and in-laws, 35 percent indicated that half or more of them live in Pomeroy.

### PERCEIVED COMMUNITY THREATS

The future of Iowa’s rural communities will probably depend on whether or not important trends will continue over the course of the next few years. In the case of Pomeroy, at least half of the residents see lack of jobs, loss of family farms, and loss of small businesses as conditions that pose serious threats to the future of the community. People moving out of the community was considered a serious threat by at least one-third of Pomeroy residents. Minimal concern was expressed with quality of schools, increase in crime, failure of people to work together, loss of community spirit, and people moving into the community.



### OVERALL COMMUNITY ATTACHMENT

How important is it for Pomeroy residents to feel a part of this community? When asked this question, 92 percent responded that it was important for them to feel a part of the community. When asked whether they feel “at home” in Pomeroy, 96 percent said that they did. Furthermore, 86 percent indicated they would be sorry to move away from Pomeroy. In spite of the community concerns as indicated in the previous charts, the majority of residents see Pomeroy as their home and are reluctant to move away from the community.

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